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# The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845



No 17,274

號八廿月九年八十壹百九千壹英

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1918.

午戌大歲年七國民華中

PRICE \$3.00 Per Month.



NOTICE.

BY EUROPEAN NON-ASIATIC or  
INDIAN desiring to leave the  
Colony should apply in person at the  
Central Police Station between the hours  
of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.  
daily.  
Applicants will be required to produce  
Passports or identification papers. All  
persons, with certain exceptions, who  
remain in the Colony for more than  
7 days are required to register them-  
selves under the REGISTRATION OF  
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916. Forms of  
Registration giving the particulars  
required may be obtained at the G.P.O.  
and at all Police Stations.  
The Penalty for non-compliance is a  
fine not exceeding \$50.

**NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE  
INSURANCE CO.**  
WHICH ARE THE ASSURERS OF  
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE  
COMPANY, LTD.,  
and  
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS  
ASSURANCE CO.

**TOTAL FUNDS at 31st DECEMBER, 1914.**  
— £23,970,367.  
I—Authorized Capital £5,000,000.  
Subscribed Capital £1,500,000.  
Paid-up Capital £2,487,500.  
II—Fire Funds..... £3,837,047.  
III—Life & Annuity Funds..... £1,587,589.  
Sinking Fund Account..... £128,230.  
— £23,970,367.  
Revenue Fire Branch..... £2,381,456.  
“ Life and Annuity Branches..... £2,141,583.  
Revenue Marine Department..... £37,239.  
Other Receipts..... £78,940.  
— £5,339,238.

The Accumulative Funds of the various  
Branches are separately invested, and, by  
Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet  
the claims under the respective Depart-  
ments of the Company's Business.  
**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,**  
Agents.

**PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,  
LIMITED.**  
TIME TABLE.

**WEEK DAYS.**  
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
8.00 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
9.30 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
10.30 a.m. to 11.01 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. Every 30 minutes.  
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
2.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 30 minutes.  
4.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

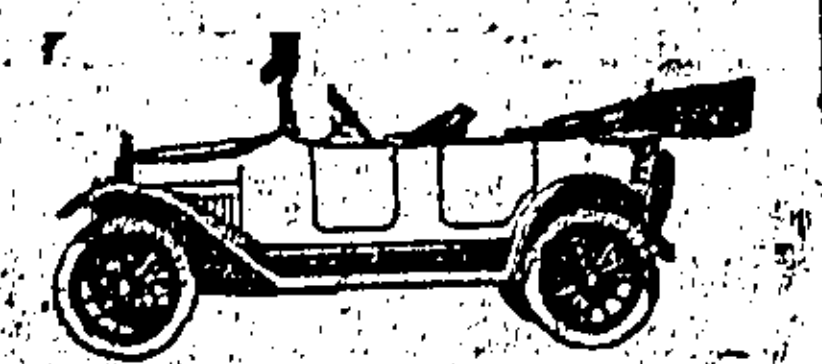
**NIGHT CARS.**  
8.50 p.m. to 9.30 p.m. 10 p.m. to 11 p.m.  
11.30 p.m. and 11.45 p.m.

**SUNDAYS.**  
7.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
11.30 a.m. to 12 noon Every 15 minutes.  
12 noon to 1.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
1.30 p.m. to 1.50 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
2.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
5.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
8.00 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.

**NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.**  
**SATURDAYS EXTRA CARS.**  
1.30 p.m. and 12 midnight.

**SPECIAL CARS** by arrangement at the  
Company's Office, ALEXANDER BUILDINGS,  
Des Voeux Road Central.  
Season and punch tickets available for  
all cars not already full running at the  
time stated in the Company's timetables,  
but not for special cars, can be obtained  
on application at the Company's Office.  
No Season tickets will be issued until  
payment therefor has been made in Bank  
Notes or by Cheque or Comprode order  
representing Bank Note.  
**JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,**  
General Managers.

**METEOR GARAGE**



Sole distributors of  
**MAXWELL CARS.**  
Automobiles for Hire and  
for Sale  
at reasonable Price.

Phone 2500.  
65 Des Voeux Road  
Central.

**TANG YUE** DEPARTMENT OF  
Lun Ise SIEN TING,  
14 D'ARVILLE STREET.  
TRIMM VERY MODERATE  
Confection free.

## BUSINESS NOTICES

**W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.**

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.

KOWLOON BAY.

Steam and Motor Vessels,  
Steel Building Work of every Description,  
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.

**HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO  
STEAMERS.**

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT  
CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

**HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.**  
Sailings—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.  
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 4 p.m.  
**SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.**  
**HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.**  
Sailings—S.S. "SUI AN" to Macao daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays 9 a.m.).  
S.S. "SUI TAI" to Macao daily at 2 p.m. (Sundays excepted).  
S.S. "SUI AN" from Macao daily at 2 p.m. (Sundays 3 p.m.).  
S.S. "SUI TAI" from Macao daily at 7.30 a.m. (Sundays excepted).  
Further information may be obtained at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, Hotel Mansions,  
or from Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son, Booking Agents, Hongkong.

**JUST ARRIVED.**

Special Consignment  
of

**WATTLE  
BLOSSOM  
HONEY.**

Superior in quality and flavour to any other honey in the  
market.

Expressly prepared for table use.  
Sold only in 1-lb. bottles at 75 cents each.

**A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,**  
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.  
TEL. 16.

**THE HONGKONG HOTEL**

AND

**GRILL ROOM**

**J. H. TAGGART**  
MANAGER

**THE PEAK HOTEL.**

1,500 Feet above Sea Level.  
15 Minutes from Landing Stage.  
Under the Management of—  
**Mrs. BLAIR.**

**GRAND HOTEL.**

A First-class and up-to-date Hotel, most central location within the vicinity of all the principal  
banks. Noted for the best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation and Clean House.  
A first-class String Orchestra renders selections from 6.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.  
Special monthly terms for residents and for Shipping People.  
For further particulars apply—  
**W. BARKER,**  
Manager.  
Telephone No. 197. Telegraphic Address "COMFORT."

**CARLTON HOTEL.**

(THE ONLY AMERICAN HOTEL IN THE COLONY.)  
**ICE HOUSE STREET.**  
Under American Management.  
Nice and quiet yet only a few minutes' walk from the Banks and Central  
District. 43 Bedrooms, Excellent Cuisine, Scrupulously Clean. Moderate Terms.  
Monthly and Family Rates on application to the Proprietor.  
Largest Most Pleasantly Situated.  
Telegraphic Address "CARLTON."  
**MRS. F. E. CAMERON.**

## BUSINESS NOTICES

A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for  
over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY

**WILKINSON'S**

**SARSAPARILLA**

THE WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD  
Torpid Liver, Debility, ERUPTIONS, &  
**WILKINSON'S** INDISPENSABLE TO  
**SARSAPARILLA** ALL WHO VALUE HEALTH  
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

A. S. Watson & Co., Hongkong Dispensary.  
Victoria Dispensary, & Queen's Dispensary.

**TAIKOO DOCKYARD.**  
BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION  
—THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY—  
—OF HONGKONG LTD.—  
AGENTS:  
—TRADING AGENT—  
—SHIPPING AGENT—  
—TELEPHONE 1125—

**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.**

**PORTLAND CEMENT**

In Casks of 37½ lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.**

GENERAL MANAGERS

**THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., LD.**  
Established 1883

MANUFACTURERS OF

**PURE Manila ROPE**

STRAND 3" to 15"  
CABLE LAD 1½" to 15"  
4 STRAND 3" to 10"

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length

Prices, samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to  
**Shewan, Tomes & Co., General Managers.**  
Hongkong, April 11, 1918.

**SHING KEE CO.**

SODA MERCHANTS,  
IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS

Artistic Soda, Soda Ash, Marbles of Ammonia, Silicate  
of Soda, Refined Bicarbonate of Soda, Mineral Water,  
and Soda Crystal, Bleaching Powder, Sulphur Acid,  
Sulphate of Ammonia, etc., etc.  
**ALWAYS IN STOCK.**  
No. 41, Des Voeux Road, HONGKONG.

**NEW ALLIED ATTACK.**

FINE SUCCESS BY AMERICANS AND  
FRENCH.

(Reuters Service to the China Mail.)

**THE FRENCH-AMERICAN  
ATTACK.**

A TWENTY-MILE FRONT.  
ENEMY LINES PENETRATED  
DEPTH OF SEVEN MILES.

London, Sept. 27,  
1.45 a.m.

An American communiqué states:  
The First Army attacked this  
morning north-west of Verdun on a  
twenty-mile front and penetrated the  
enemy lines to an average depth of  
seven miles.

The Pennsylvania, Kansas, and  
Missouri troops, under Major-General  
Ligerot, stormed Varennes, Mont,  
Briancourt, Vauquois and Cheppy  
after stubborn resistance.

Other troops crossed Forges Brook  
and captured Bois-de-Forges and the  
towns of Malancourt, Bethincourt,  
Montfaucon, Cuisy, Mantilly, Sept-  
sarges, Dammervaux, Gercourt and  
Drillancourt.

The prisoners thus far reported  
number over 5,000.

A FRENCH COMMUNIQUE.  
OPERATIONS DEVELOPING  
SATISFACTORILY.

London, Sept. 27,  
12.40 a.m.

A French communiqué states:  
This morning the French and  
American forces, closely co-operating,  
attacked on both sides of  
Argonne.

The operations are developing  
under satisfactory conditions. The  
advance of the French troops west  
of Argonne attained a maximum  
depth of six kilometres.

The battle continues.

During the 25th inst. five enemy  
aeroplanes were brought down. Our  
night bombers dropped over 21 tons  
of bombs in the region of Loon,  
particularly on the railway stations  
at Mont Cornet, Maule and Loon.

Numerous fires and explosions  
upon targets were observed.

**PRESS CORRESPONDENT'S STORY  
OF THE BATTLE.**

London, Sept. 27.

Reuters' Correspondent at French  
Headquarters, telegraphing on the  
morning of the 26th, says:—

Three years and a day after launch-  
ing the memorable Champagne  
offensive of 1915, the French again  
attacked the German front along the  
line of the old battle-field, from and  
on both sides of it from Suippe to  
the Verdun battle-field. The attack-  
ing French Army is under the orders  
of General Gouraud. General Petain  
is in supreme command.

The brief reports so far received  
warrant full confidence in the result.  
The German High Command, copied  
General Gouraud's tactics of the 15th  
July and quietly withdrew troops  
from the advanced zone when it was  
realized that an attack was immin-  
ent, leaving only a few posts under  
non-commissioned officers to keep up  
a semblance of resistance.

General Gouraud, however, is not  
about to fall into his own trap.  
He learned from prisoners and other  
sources that the enemy was falling  
back on his principal line of resist-  
ance, and he issued energetic orders  
to the artillery. Our artillery pre-  
paration began at eleven o'clock last  
night and instead of battering empty  
trenches till daylight, like the Ger-  
mans did on July 18th, the French  
batteries rained an appalling fire on  
the German main defences and roads  
by which German reserves were  
pouring in. It was not till last night  
that the sky was lit by the  
constant flashes of our guns.  
Flashes blazed momentarily on the  
horizon, and then an ammunition  
dump would go up. The air was  
filled with the continuous roll of guns.

One night cannot, however, be  
very like another. The most in-  
teresting feature of the battle was the  
unexpected feebler of the enemy's  
reaction, which caused little loss to  
the troops moving up to the attack.  
Shortly before dawn the roar of the  
guns rose to a furor, in preparation  
for the assault, which was  
launched at daylight. In the ad-  
vanced zone where the enemy  
was not resisting strongly we  
quickly penetrated almost the  
whole front. In the first hours  
of the battle some very important  
batteries of the 1st and 2nd  
German divisions had fallen. By 10  
o'clock Seron, on the edge of  
Argonne which the Germans had  
held for four years, had been taken,  
and our troops pushed out from  
Mainde and Mussy, capturing  
several points of importance.

They occupied the formidable  
mass of Butte-du-Mesnil, 550 feet high,  
forming the south-western pillar of  
the Ture position, round which  
waves of French attacks vainly  
washed in September 1915, and  
which until this morning projected  
into our front like a cliff into the  
sea. On the left the French are  
assaulting an immensely strong and  
well-styled the Ligne-des-Battues, from  
Butte-de-Souain to Butte-de-Triaucourt.

The fighting here is now very  
heavy but as I was leaving Head-  
quarters news arrived of the capture  
of Naivignat Farm on the very flank of  
Butte-de-Souain Hill, which, there-  
fore, is in danger of being turned.  
With it the Ligne-des-Battues must  
fall.

On the extreme right in Argonne,  
American Divisions attacking in  
liaison with General Gouraud's Army,  
advanced a mile beyond Vauquois  
which resisted to many attacks, and  
into Malancourt wood on the edge  
of the Verdun field. Thus along the  
whole battle-front of forty miles the  
enemy is already dislodged from his  
advanced strongholds, many of them  
places in which he has lived in ap-  
parently unthreatened security for  
years.

The enemy seems to have been  
misled regarding the point where the  
weight of the attack would fall. His  
artillery resistance was strongest on  
the extreme left in the region of the  
Mortonvilliers mountains, west of  
the Suippe valley on the limit of  
the battle-field.

**SUCCESSFUL BRITISH OPERATIONS  
NEAR ST. QUENTIN.**

London, Sept. 26.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig  
reports:—  
We captured a few prisoners in  
midnight patrol encounters at different  
points.

In the past few days, the First  
and Sixth Divisions of the Ninth  
Corps, under Lieut-General British  
white, have captured in hard fight-  
ing at small cost an intricate sys-  
tem of trenches and strong points  
in the woods and villages to the  
north-west of St. Quentin, and took  
1,600 prisoners. Many strong enemy  
counter-attacks were repulsed with  
great gallantry and determination.

**NEW BRITISH OFFENSIVE.**  
ATTACK ON WIDE FRONT SOUTH  
OF SENEE RIVER.

London, Sept. 27.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig  
reports:—  
We attacked, at 5.20 o'clock this  
morning, on a wide front southward  
of the Senee River.

First reports indicate that sat-  
isfactory progress is being made.  
We carried out successful opera-  
tions during the night in the im-  
mediate neighbourhood of Arleux, north-west  
of La Bassée and south-westward  
Flaunburg, advancing our line in  
localities and capturing prisoners.

(Continued on Page 1.)



## INTIMATIONS

## KOWLOON CRICKET CLUB.

MEMBERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the OPENING of the NEW GRASS FIELDS will take place on SATURDAY, Sept. 23rd, at 3.30 p.m. Members, Friends and Members of other Sporting Clubs are cordially invited to attend. There will be Cricket, Tennis and Table Tennis matches.

L. J. BLACKBURN,  
Hon. Secretary.

Kowloon, Sept. 20, 1916. 771

## HONGKONG CHINESE RECREATION CLUB.

## "AT HOME"

MEMBERS AND FRIENDS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the CLUBS ANNUAL "AT HOME" will take place on SUNDAY next, the 29th instant, at 4 p.m.

There will be tennis matches between the Champions and the Rest in Division A, B and C of the Hongkong Tennis League. Members and Friends are cordially invited to attend.

UN HEW FAN,  
Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, Sept. 23, 1916. 777

## KOWLOON CRICKET CLUB.

## ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

MEMBERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING will be held in the Club House on MONDAY, September 30th, 1916, at 6.30 p.m.

BUSINESS:

Report and Accounts for 1915-1916.

Election of Officers for 1916-1917.

General.

L. J. BLACKBURN,  
Hon. Secretary.

Kowloon, Sept. 20, 1916. 770

## HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

THE HALF-YEARLY MEETING of Members will be held on TUESDAY, the 1st October, 1916, at 12.30 p.m. at the Offices of the Hongkong Jockey Club, on the ground floor of the Hongkong Club Annex, (Chater Road).

A Report will be made at this Meeting as to certain proposals to substitute "spectators' stands" for some of the Nubucks hitherto erected on part of the Jockey Club property and the adjoining land.

By Order,  
T. F. HOUGH,  
Clerk of the Course.

Hongkong, Sept. 23, 1916. 782

## THE HONGKONG &amp; WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SHIP REGISTER and TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st to the 5th prox. both days inclusive.

Warrants for the Interim Dividend can be obtained at the Office of the Company, 24, Queen's Buildings, on and after MONDAY, 7th October, 1916.

By Order of the Board,  
R. M. DYER,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, Sept. 23, 1916. 774

## THE CHINA-BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the CHINA-BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED will be held at the Offices of Messrs. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., 67, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, on TUESDAY, the 1st day of October, 1916, at 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon when the subjoined Resolution which was passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 15th day of September, 1916, will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution:

"That the new Articles already approved by this Meeting and for the purpose of identification thereof, submitted by the Chairman thereof, and that such Articles be and they are hereby adopted as the Articles of the Company to the exclusion of and in substitution for all the existing Articles thereof."

A copy of the new Articles referred to may be inspected by any shareholder of the said Company at the Company's Office in Hongkong, or at the Office of Messrs. Johnson, Stokes & Master, (the Company's Solicitors) at Prince's Building, Victoria, aforesaid, on any weekday between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.

Dated this 13th day of Sept., 1916,  
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,  
Agents. 761

## THE DAIRY FARM ICE &amp; COLD STORAGE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE TWENTY-SECOND ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's Town Office, 2 Lower Albert Road, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 6th day of October, 1916, at 12 Noon, for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to the 31st Dec. 1915.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 27th September to 5th October, 1916, both days inclusive.

By Order,  
M. MANUK,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, Sept. 20, 1916. 169

## INTIMATIONS

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office at 100, Queen's Road Central, on SATURDAY the 19th of October, 1916.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 5th to the 10th of October, both days inclusive.

DOUGLAS LAPRAK & Co.,  
General Managers.

Hongkong, Sept. 20, 1916. 788

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHAREHOLDERS are reminded of the EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company to be held on TUESDAY, the 5th day of October, 1916, at 12 o'clock Noon, at the Offices of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & COMPANY, LIMITED, No. 6, Pedder Street, Hongkong, for the purpose of considering and if thought fit confirming as a Special Resolution the Resolution set out underneath which was passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 10th day of September, 1916:

"That the regulations contained in the printed document submitted to the meeting and for the purpose of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof be and the same are hereby approved and that such regulations be and they are hereby adopted as the Articles of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all the existing Articles thereof."

Dated the 30th day of Sept., 1916.

By Order of the Directors,  
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,  
General Managers. 773

## NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WE have this Day REMOVED our Office from No. 7 Queen's Road Central to St. George's Buildings, 2nd floor.

GOLDING and PHILIPS,  
Solicitors, etc.

Hongkong, Sept. 23, 1916. 781

## PROPAGANDA BY CINEMATOGRAPH.

WIDEAWAKE IMPORTERS to the public to increase their trade with the Interior are requested to communicate with

Box No. 28,  
C/o "CHINA MAIL" Office.

Hongkong, Sept. 23, 1916. 789

## ST. HILDA'S GIRLS' SCHOOL, CANTON.

## EAST PARADE GROUND.

SCHOOL RE-OPENS (D.V.) September 18th. Entrance examinations September 18th. Chinese Course, eleven years; English Course, thirteen years. Boarders' Fees: Sixty to One hundred and eighty dollars per annum.

Principal: MISS BENDELACK, M.A., D.E. 760

## DAIRY FARM NEWS.

**JUNKET**  
Cannot be excelled with tinned or fresh stewed fruit.

**COULOMMIER CHEESE.**  
COTTAGE CHEESE.

Nourishing and ideal food.

**DEVONSHIRE CREAM.**  
Can always be had.

We supply Junket Tablets on application. 68

## KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location

ALL Electric Tram Pass Entrance, European Baths and Laundry, Hot and Cold Water System throughout.

Best of Food and Service.

TELEPHONE 373

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "VICTORIA."

J. WITCHELL,  
Manager.

## VICTORIA CAFE, LTD.

24, Des Voeux Road Central  
Telephone No. 2607.

We guarantee the quality of our bread and cakes.

We use the highest grade of materials in their manufacture. 267

## THE CHINESE OPTICAL CO.

HONGKONG BRANCH  
67 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.



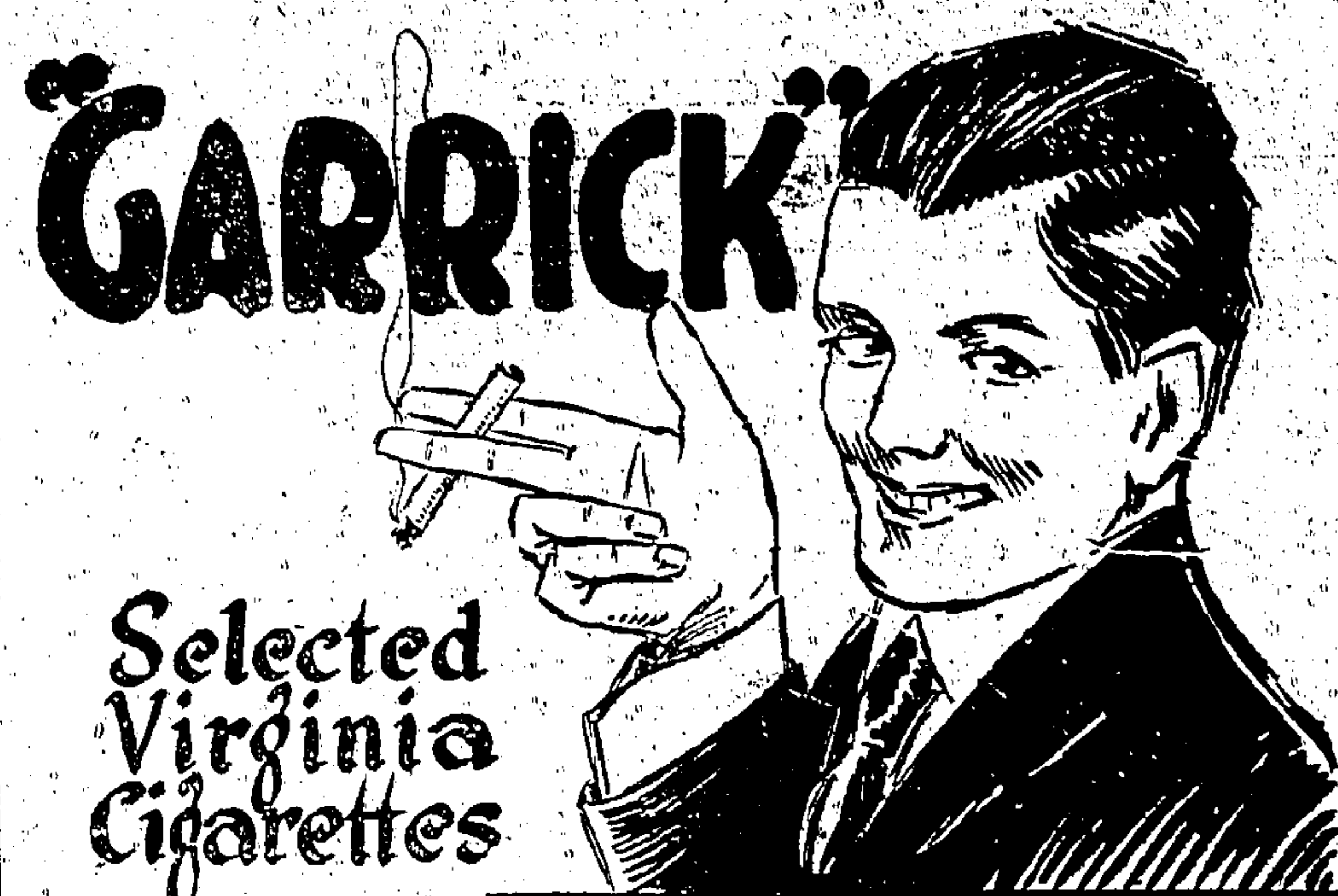
## OPTICIAN

The only OPTICAL HOUSE in Far East

Awarded an Efficiency Diploma at Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

SCIENTIFIC EYE EXAMINATION

All sorts of Spectacles, Lenses and Protection glasses.



**GARRICK**

Selected Virginia Cigarettes

A High-Grade Cigarette, scientifically blended, meeting all requirements of the most critical smoker.

## THINGS SEEN IN AMERICA

## HERO WORSHIP.

[By C. LEWIS HIND.]

Fifth-avenue had flamed into colour. From windows floated the Stars and Stripes; affixed to every lamp-post was the banner of the Red Cross; a thousand posters screamed: "Give till it hurts." The policemen on point duty had discarded their batons and were directing the traffic with fans on which the symbol of mercy blazed. The great Red Cross Drive had begun. New York was eager to note the first subscriber of a million dollars, and to see the President, who was coming from Washington to inaugurate the Drive. Americans adore a drive; they do it with amazing energy and riotously well, the aim being to crowd into a week what would take European nations a month.

The President came. He stayed two days and a half, and those who remember a Gladstone tour in the hey-day of his popularity, may realise, in modest degree, the hero-worship meted to President Woodrow Wilson. His every movement was recorded; everywhere in public and aside he uttered, was printed; whenever he was expected, there the crowds gathered. He was the centre of thought and action. Democracy has repudiated much. But it has not repudiated, hero-worship.

## SEEING THE PRESIDENT.

I saw the President in the first hour of his visit—by chance. Suddenly over Fifth-avenue came the strange humb pre-arranged event; heads turned, necks craned, as through the traffic shot a cavalcade, the people lifting hats, the policeman saluting. A high-power motor rushed past, escorted on either side by a soldier motor-cyclist, and following came other motor-cyclists with Secret Service men and jaunty reporters. The cavalcade flashed out of sight. I felt happy. I had seen the President, he who has a single aim—to make the world safe for Democracy.

He must be a great man (circumstances have moulded him into one) for he does the great thing, greatly at the right moment. Had all the diplomats in all the Chancelleries of the Allies put their heads together in order to make President Wilson instantaneously popular in little old New York and throughout the mighty United States, they could have excogitated nothing so dynamic as a simple action of his, done on the spur of the moment.

He walked at the head of the procession—that was all.

## TO AVOID DYSENTERY

and Diarrhoea, during the summer months a gentle laxative should be used whenever necessary to keep the system clean.



are laxative perfection. They digest constipation, liverwinds, sick headaches, bilis. As good for the children as for adults. Of chemists, or post-free, 6/- cents the box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 98 Southwestern House, Shanghai.

## HE SHOULD HAVE BEEN IN THE PLACE OF HONOUR IN THE OFFICIAL STAND, DOWNTOWN.

The mayor and his satellites waited for him. He did not appear. They became anxious. Messengers were dispatched. Telephones buzzed. Dimay increased (you remember the anxiety when Prince Otto disappeared), and the apprehension was only allayed when the President was discerned leading on foot, the two mile procession, followed by 70,000 Red Cross Workers. He had slipped away in his motor, to the perplexity of the Secret Service men, and stationed himself at the head of the 70,000. That gripped New York—the sight of this tall, smiling man, in silk hat and tail coat, marching. The cheers were red. In that moment Woodrow Wilson became a national hero. Merely because he had done, the great thing, greatly, at the right moment.

Rhetoric is not the method of this ex-vice professor who has become a great man by degrees, moulded into greatness by the vital issues that have faced him. Oratory has no part in his curriculum. He speaks clearly, without emotion, but with intense conviction.

## A TRUE LINCOLN MAN.

He is a true Lincoln man. He does not boast. And he, being a man of wisdom, knows as Shakespeare knew, that when a theme is tremendous, its expression must be of the simplest. The supreme effect in his speech at the Metropolitan Opera House, an effect so stirring that those who heard it, can never hope to listen to his like again, was in the form of a question: "I have heard gentlemen recently say that we must get five million men ready. Why limit it to five million?"

When the audience rose to their feet, as they do in this country when much moved, there was not a person in that multitude who did not feel the deep significance of those six words. Why limit it to five million? About a threat, the shaking of the big stick, would have roused the audience. The quiet question did that; but it did more, infinitely more: it gave confidence, it presaged absolute, it changed victory.

America is becoming a nation. Democracy was never nearer and dearer to her. Only those who are here in this great year, watching her fusing herself (fifty languages are spoken in New York) into a nation, can realise the authority and the scar of the democratic ideal. To the New Yorkers, who have let them-

## SELVES SWEEP TO THE LIMIT OF HERO-WORSHIP.

a little incident in the President's New York apothecias, struck deep. This is what happened—just this.

An acquaintance pushed through the crowd as President Woodrow Wilson marched down Fifth Avenue and the following conversation took place:

"Hello, Woodrow!" "Hello, John."

"That was all but it was everything. The hero remains a man, a pal—the Democratic ideal."

## BLIND TEACHERS AND CERTAIN TUITION.

Workers among the blind have discovered a very interesting fact, which no doubt learned people can explain quite simply. It is for certain tuition, blind teachers get better results than teachers with full power of sight. For one thing, the students are encouraged when they are told by their instructors that they are blind and yet have overcome their disadvantages. By the way, blind men are becoming expert musicians, and it seems as though they will be able to obtain plenty of engagement at a work that should be easily within their scope.

## IN THESE DAYS OF THE HIGH COST OF LIVING THE FOLLOWING STORY HAS A DECIDED POINT.

The teacher of a primary class was trying to show the children the difference between the natural and man-made wonders and was finding it hard.

"What," she asked, "do you think is the most wonderful thing man ever made?"

A little girl, whose parents were obviously harassed by the ways and means, replied as solemnly as the proverbial judge:

"A living for a family."

## THE HONGKONG &amp; WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LD.

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Codes Used: A.I., A.B.O. Fifth Edition. Engineering First and Second Editions, Western Union, and Watkins.

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All classes of light steel work manufactured by the above process. Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, etc., etc.

THE DIMENSIONS OF DOCKS AND SLIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

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No. 2 Dock/Kowloon	100'	50' 10"	10'	12'	2'
No. 3 Dock/Kowloon	100'	50' 10"	10'	12'	2'
No. 4 Dock/Kowloon	100'	50' 10"	10'	12'	2'
TAL KOK TSI					
Campanella Dock	100'	50' 10"	10'	12'	2'
ABERDEEN					
Hong Dock	100'	50' 10"	10'	12'	2'
Legend Dock	100'	50' 10"	10'	12'	2'

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ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,

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WE HAVE RECEIVED NEW STOCKS OF

ROSE COLD CREAM

VANISHING COLD CREAM

Ideal Toilet Requisites.

Price 60 Cts. per pot.

LIQUID T-B SOAP

A Fragrant Preparation for Toilet use and for Shampooing.

Price \$1.00 per bottle.

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FOR ALL INDUSTRIAL AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES

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## LARGE STOCK OF SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS

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## SPARKLING MINERAL



An exact reproduction of a well-known Spa at half the price. Blends perfectly with Spirits, especially Whisky.

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AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.

Telephone 438.

## To-day's Advertisements

QUEEN MARY'S NEEDLEWORK GUILD  
HONGKONG BRANCH.

A MEETING of the GUILD will be held in the City Hall on WEDNESDAY, October 2nd, at 10 o'clock. All women interested in the work of the Guild are invited to attend.  
ALICE D. HICKLING,  
Hon. Secretary.  
Hongkong, Sept. 28, 1918.

## "PREMO CAMERA"

\$1.50 each.

TAKES WONDERFUL PICTURE.

A. TACK & CO.,  
26, Des Voeux Road Central.

## "REGAL"

## RECORDS

Take me back to U.S.A. (Billy Williams)  
Why can't we have the Sea in London  
I don't care  
All the Silver from the Silvery Moon  
Mister John MacKenzie  
I come from Scotland  
Jean loves all the Jockies  
All the Ladies Fall in Love with Sandy  
Take me where there are no Eyes about  
Let's all go Mad

THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.  
Tel. 1322

## PATELL &amp; CO.

ORIENTAL PRODUCE EXPORTERS,  
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HONGKONG.

## OVERLAND CHINA MAIL

THE WEEKLY EDITION OF THE "CHINA MAIL"

CONTAINS ALL THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

PRICE 25 CENTS (including Postage)

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The passages to the harbour of Amoy are now being cleared of mines.

Mr. Liang Shih Yi has written to the "Peking" papers contradicting a report that he has made peace proposals to the President-elect.

H. E. The Officer Administering the Government has appointed Mrs. Jane Giraffe Pearson temporarily to be a Sanitary Inspector.

We have been informed by the Colonial Secretariat that the declaration by Shanghai against Hongkong as an infected port has been withdrawn.

A running Bogey Pool will be played during October at the big Course at Failing, under the auspices of the Ladies Section of the Golf Club.

The Colony's financial statements for the month of June, published in the current issue of the *Gazette*, shows a balance over expenditure amounting to \$5,921,911.

The President-elect, at a dinner given to a number of prominent people in the capital on the 25th inst., announced that a big loan must be arranged before he could assume office.

A strong movement has again set in at Peking to secure the election of the present Premier, General Tuan Ki Shui, as Vice-President, and also to get him appointed Chief of the General Staff.

His Honour Sir W. Rees Davies has been appointed by H. E. The Officer Administering the Government, to be Chairman of the General Military Service Tribunal during the absence from the Colony of the Hon. Mr. E. H. Sharp, K.C., O.B.E.

Fifty-six Americans, resident in Japan, registered on the 12th inst. with the Military Attaché of the American Embassy, for military service under the law bringing under the requirements men between eighteen and forty five years of age. The first to register was the American Ambassador. Addition to the list were expected.

Prince Tokugawa, President of the Japanese House of Peers, who intended to make a trip to China with Princess Tokugawa, Marquis Tokugawa and others, to visit his son, Mr. Iyemasa Tokugawa, at the Legation in Peking, and to visit the principal cities in North China, has abandoned the trip owing to indisposition of the Princess. Marquis Kanjiya Tokugawa who was to accompany Prince and Princess Tokugawa has also abandoned his intended trip.

## ROYAL HONGKONG GOLF CLUB.

## EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING.

An extraordinary general meeting of the above Club was held in the Board Room of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd. yesterday evening, at 5.30 for the purpose of confirming the resolutions passed at an extraordinary general meeting held on September 27th.

The Hon. Mr. D. Landale presided, and there were present the Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, Mr. S. H. Dodwell, Mr. E. J. Grist and Mr. A. E. Wood (Committee), Mr. J. de B. Lancaster (Hon. Secretary) and about 40 members of the Club.

The Chairman said the business of the meeting was purely formal—to confirm the resolutions passed at a meeting on Sept. 27.

The Chairman then proposed the confirmation of the resolutions, Mr. E. J. Grist seconding, the motion being carried unanimously.

On July 1st till August 31st the Allies captured on the Western front 123,300 prisoners, including 2,674 officers; 2,060 guns; 1,724 machine-guns; 12,763 machine-guns; and considerable quantities of ammunition and supplies of all sorts.

## CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

This remedy has no superior as a cure for colds, croup and whooping cough.

It has been a favorite with mothers of young children for almost forty years.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take.

It is not only cures colds and grip, but prevents their resulting in pneumonia.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given as confidently to a child as to an adult. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

## THE GENERAL MILITARY SERVICE TRIBUNAL.

The Agenda for Monday next the 30th September, at 3.30 p.m., is as follows:—

Consideration of temporary exemptions granted to the following:—  
9.30 p.m.—Mr. W. W. de Abney, Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son.  
3.50 p.m.—Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, Messrs. Deacon, Looker, Deacon & Harston.

4.10 p.m.—Mr. W. B. Hind, Messrs. G. K. Hall Brutton & Co.  
4.30 p.m.—Mr. R. J. Taylor, the Dairy Farm Co.  
4.50 p.m.—Mr. G. Blair, Messrs. Martin & Co.  
5.10 p.m.—Mr. A. Leach, Vacuum Oil Company.

## PRISON REFORM AT CANTON.

## MODERN PHYSICIANS AND NURSES AMONG PRISON STAFF.

The following is from the *Canton Times*:—

To some persons outside Canton, this has been a city of revolutions, gambling, and official corruption in the last few years, as very few really see and care what has been going on in other directions. Among the social service institutions sprung out the last few years was the Reformatory, managed by the Police Administration. It is located at Nam Shik-tao, opposite Pank Hok Tung. Here eight offenders, helpless and lazy, are given a chance to repent, improve, and strengthen themselves. While it has only to put the bad in prison, shops for the lazy to do hard labour, and school rooms to train the ignorant to be useful, it also provides grounds for the inmates to play, a hospital for the sick to receive and plenty of water for the unclean to be pure. Breaking rocks and stones is some of the hard work, and shoemaking, printing, weaving, tailoring, and carpentry are some of the trades taught and carried on in the premises.

With the inmates are a superintendent, a supervisor, a physician, six foremen, six instructors, a captain of the guards, a chief watchman, two miscellaneous clerks, two managers, four recorders, three secretaries, and thirty guards who co-operate to see that all those who go there do their duty, obey the regulations, and remain where they are assigned to stay. Besides those mentioned, there are some thirty-six watchmen, four nurses, eight labourers, and twenty cooks helping to make the inmates of the institution comfortable.

Lo Tet Pao is the present superintendent of the reformatory. This reformatory was founded some six years ago by Chief Chan King-wah of the Canton Police, the most courageous officer who ever served Canton. He had shot many bad men and not a few good men, he had also effected many good reforms and made few mistakes. It was also Chan who founded the girls' industrial school, the orphanage at Fati, and who promised to assist the blind school at Fong-tuen.

The institution is able to accommodate a thousand men, but it is happy that not all of the rooms are occupied.

General Ng Bong Ping, the present Chief of Police, is also interested in prison reform. He is supporting all good work started by his predecessor.

## THE CANTON CUSTOMS.

## AN APPOINTMENT BY THE MILITARY GOVERNMENT.

We learn from the *Canton Times* that the Military Government in Canton has recently created a new office, not existing before, in connection with the office of the Customs and Excise. An assistant superintendent has been appointed to assist Lo Chong, the Peking appointee, who was recently dismissed by Feng Kuo-chang but reappointed by the Military Government.

The new assistant superintendent of Customs is Shih Ching-fu, of Fukien, who has been many years Superintendent of Customs at Heliang-kang. Dr. Wu Ting-fang made the appointment. Mr. Shih took up his new duty on September 16.

## WOMAN AS WAR WORKER.

## EVERYWHERE SUCCESSFUL IN MAN'S SKILLED TASKS.

One of the great revelations of the war is the way in which women, practically at a moment's notice, have taken up the work of men. A Home Office report makes it clear that there is scarcely any industry in which they have not proved a success. Here are a few examples provided by Miss Anderson, Principal Lady Inspector of Factories, of women's adaptability. Women are now employed in:

- Engineering
- Gas works
- Shipyards
- Sugar refineries
- Building work
- Power stations
- Chemical factories
- Metal works.

In the making of Tank parts—work which has hitherto been carried out solely by men—women have proved their ability, and in one factory the process is now carried out by women. Men are only engaged (six men to 99 women) in repairing the machines in running order. The women work the furnaces, moulding presses, and do the grinding, besides trolleying, stacking and loading. Women chemists also take the temperature of the paint.

In certain china painting shops the whole process has been satisfactorily employed in processes of tool work formerly regarded as men's work.

It is noted in this report that the employment of women in arduous work, such as that of the shipyards, is continually developing, and that the women benefit in health. Shipyard work is especially mentioned, and is considered by the inspectors as "hard, but healthy," while another inspector sees the same benefit to women in the heavy work of steel and iron works, blast furnaces, brick works and pottery works.

## LESS OF "PENNY DREADFUL" IN KINEMAS.

During recent months cinema owners, warned by publicisation, have set their stocks in order. There has been less of crime and outrage, less of the plot of the penny dreadful, says a London daily, but a new "terror" is creeping in, the picture home is becoming the medium for advertisements. To have to pay for advertisement, a large part of which is devoted to advertising articles of commerce, is a little grievance that the picture patron generally accepts.

## ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE.

## HONGKONG AND CHINA DISTRICT.

No. 1 Hongkong V.A.D.  
Commandant—Lady May, Lady of Grace of the Order of St. John.  
Acting Commandant—Mrs. Hickling, L.R.C.P. & S.

Members are reminded of the monthly competition which will take place at the Victoria Hall Institute on Monday, Sept. 30th, at 8 p.m.

Plain triangular bandages will be required. Members will attend in alphabetical order as below:—  
L—M ..... 5.00 p.m.  
N—Y ..... 5.15 p.m.  
A—D ..... 5.30 p.m.  
E—Z ..... 5.45 p.m.

Members may alter their turns by private arrangement.  
(Sd.) M. RALPHS,  
Adjutant and Hon. Secretary.  
Hongkong, 28th Sept. 1918.

## ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE.

## HONGKONG AND CHINA DISTRICT.

No. 5 V.A.D.  
Tuesday, October 1st—  
7 p.m.—First Aid Lecture.  
8 p.m.—Squad and Stretcher Drill.  
Thursday, October 3rd—  
8 p.m.—Squad and Stretcher Drill.

No. 3 V.A.D.  
Monday, September 30th—  
4.30 p.m.—Squad and Stretcher Drill.  
Tuesday, October 1st—  
4 p.m.—Band Practice.

Wednesday, October 2nd—  
7 p.m.—First Aid Lecture.  
Thursday, October 3rd—  
6 p.m.—Band Practice.  
Friday, October 4th—  
7 p.m.—First Aid Lecture.

Saturday, October 5th—  
8 p.m.—Squad and Stretcher Drill.  
No. 4 V.A.D.  
Monday, Sept. 30th—  
4.20 p.m.—Squad and Stretcher Drill.  
Thursday, Oct. 3rd—  
4.20 p.m.—Squad and Stretcher Drill.

Friday, Oct. 4th—  
6.15 p.m.—Squad and Stretcher Drill.  
Victoria Nursing Division.  
Friday, Oct. 4th—  
3.30 p.m.—Nursing Practice.

(Sd.) E. RALPHS,  
Acting Assistant Commissioner.  
Hongkong, 28th September, 1918.

## 11,000 VACANCIES FOR WAR-WORK VOLUNTEERS.

Thousands of men have already been enrolled under the new scheme for war work and agricultural volunteers. "We are not finding work for men," a National Service Ministry official stated recently, "but we are finding men for work, and for a man to be accepted he must be fit for his job." At the present time there are 11,000 vacancies. The class of men required are:—  
Labourers in shipyards, carpenters, bricklayers, navvies, labourers building aircraft factories, and aerodromes, men for timber supply, electric tram drivers, labourers for fertiliser manufacture, furnace men, and labourers for iron and steel works, in addition to many types of skilled men required as substitutes to take the places of men who are going into the Army.

## TYRANNIC MOURNING.

## ENGLISH JUDGE REBUKES MISCHIEVOUS CONVENTION.

The judge who recently reprimanded a woman at West London County Court for spending £14 on a funeral and £25 on mourning "when the necessities of life cost so much now" rendered a public service in calling attention to a mischievous convention which has still all the rigour of a summary law.

One must look into the homes of the desperately poor to realise the havoc caused by this universal custom. In the middle classes the crepe veil is an incident to the working classes it is an index to the rule which, disregarded, would bring such disaster upon the family as the very poorest would rather starve than face.

Frequently, indeed almost invariably, their "bit of black" is bought at the price of slow starvation. As a rule it is secured by a permanent weekly subscription of a shilling or more to a burial club. This sum represents a terrible toll upon a wage barely sufficient to sustain life; it means less food for the wife and children—and not one week but very week—a shilling's worth subtracted from an amount which is never quite enough to go round. And this incredible sacrifice is made for the sake of the crepe veil and all its comforts. "O Death, where is thy sting?"

The great war, we are often told, will wash out—with blood—the letter of our outworn social laws. Will it, I wonder, deliver womankind from the fetters of the crepe veil? At its outbreak a few influential women, of whom the Marchioness of Lansdowne was one, publicly announced their determination not to wear mourning for any of their names who might die on the field of battle in defence of all that we hold dear.

Honour, they truly said, is what we owe to our fallen heroes, not the gaudy tribute of a colourless hat and coat. Pride in their noble achievement, Countess Harling had shown that the question of peace by agreement could not be ignored. The replies must be regarded as of an encouraging character. They proved that an international conversation between representatives of the working class parties in the enemy countries will help very materially to shorten the war.

Mr. Henderson remarked that after four years of effort both sides must recognize that they were neither victors nor vanquished. The latest deliverance from Count Harling had shown that the question of peace by agreement could not be ignored. The replies must be regarded as of an encouraging character. They proved that an international conversation between representatives of the working class parties in the Central Empires and those of the Allied countries was not only possible, but necessary.

City conversations, said Mr. Henderson, would have no hiding effect upon any of the Governments. There was no intention of "negotiating peace" or taking binding decisions; but they believed that these conversations would help to clear away misunderstandings and misconceptions, and that they would strengthen the will for peace in the enemy countries.

## A GOOD SUGGESTION.

THEY Chamberlains, Lambert, who "Why are you looking at me?" and "Return home, you are not a soldier," are easy to make and pleasant to read. They are by all Chemists and Druggists.

## SUFFERING IN GERMANY.

## ACUTE.

## INSUFFICIENT CLOTHING AND NUTRITION.

## INFANTS AND AGED DYING.

According to a semi-official report published in Japan the straitened circumstances in Germany seem to have reached the last stage. The country has been able to sustain itself so far by sheer force of organization and self-denial, and while it would undoubtedly continue its efforts, the shortage of foodstuffs and daily necessities is most acutely felt in all parts of the country. The people in general are suffering from insufficient nutrition and the death rate among the aged and children is increasing. Even the troops have been recently complaining about the inferiority of supplies.

The lack of woollen and cotton clothes and leather goods is particularly marked. Among the poor there are many who go barefooted and a large number of people wear no underwear or socks. One person is allowed two suits of clothes but any surplus wearing apparel is commandeered for the use of those working at the munitions factories. A new sack suit costs from 600 to 1,000 marks and the official permit is necessary for obtaining one. In Bavaria an order has been issued forbidding the burial of remains with funeral clothes on the face of paper-clothes is ordered instead or the corpse must be buried naked.

FACTORY BELTS OF WOMEN'S HAIR.—Leather belts for the use in factories are in great demand and women's hair has been found a good substitute, raising in consequence the price of women's hair. Many a woman is voluntarily selling her own. Bandages for sanitary purposes are usually made of paper.

The insufficiency of man-power is also most strongly felt. All soldiers sent to the front now are youngsters. The training of auxiliary corps which was six weeks has been extended by two weeks.

As a result of many women taking men's places in the factories the number of women teachers has decreased. This in turn has resulted in creating large numbers of deprived children.

The frequent aerial attacks by the allied airmen on the cities and towns along the Rhine, causing untold damage, have driven many people to seek refuge in the interior. In the cities like Düsseldorf and Köln no one ventures outside after 8 o'clock at night and the streets are all dark.

Everywhere the cry for peace is heard. The morale of the troops is degrading and the national spirit, compared with that of last autumn, has undergone a great change.

## ENEMY ANSWERS TO LABOUR WAR-AIMS.

## GERMAN SOCIALISTS AND ALSCHE PROBLEM.

Five replies to the Allied Labour memorandum on war aims have been received from enemy countries, said Mr. Arthur Henderson at a conference of Labour organisations at Northampton. The Bulgarian, Hungarian, Austrian and German Minority Socialists had sent replies, accepting as a basis of discussion the principles of the memorandum, and the German Majority Socialists wrote on the same lines.

The German Majority Socialists declared their readiness to take part in an international conversation on the basis of the proposals made by the neutral Socialists at Stockholm. It seemed that the German Socialist Majority accepted practically all the general principles of the memorandum; they were even ready to discuss the question of responsibility for the origin of the war and the problem of Alsace-Lorraine. They agreed upon the necessity of the complete restoration of Belgium's independence, and that an international conference would be very useful. Finally, like the French Socialists and the British workers, the German Socialist Majority declared that a League of Nations was necessary in order to destroy German imperialism.

Mr. Henderson expressed the opinion that these replies were of high political importance, and that they indicated the faith of Labour in the spirit of internationalism, and justified the demand for facilities to hold an international conference.

"From the beginning of the war," he continued, "we have supported every necessary measure for the organization of our resources in what we have described as a war of liberation. But we have not forgotten that if this war is to be won for freedom and democracy, the forces of reason and goodwill, which have not been entirely extinguished even in the Central Empires, must be invoked. We have endeavoured to reinforce—not to supplant, but to supplement—the military effort of the free peoples by political conversation and a distinctive Labour diplomacy. We shall continue our efforts to this end, in the belief that the replies already received from the leaders of the working-class parties in the enemy countries will help very materially to shorten the war."

Mr. Henderson remarked that after four years of effort both sides must recognize that they were neither victors nor vanquished. The latest deliverance from Count Harling had shown that the question of peace by agreement could not be ignored. The replies must be regarded as of an encouraging character. They proved that an international conversation between representatives of the working class parties in the Central Empires and those of the Allied countries was not only possible, but necessary.

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# TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

## THE NEW ATTACKS.

### THE FRENCH COMMANDERS.

Paris, Sept. 27. The *Liberté* states that the French Armies in the Champagne offensive are commanded by Generals Gouraud and Berthelot. It adds that all the sectors involved are not equally strongly defended; some are relatively weak.

### GERMAN REPORT.

London, Sept. 26, 11.55 p.m.

A wireless German official report says:—  
In Champagne and between the Argonne and the Meuse, French and American attacks have commenced on a wide front after 11 hours' artillery firing. An enemy breakthrough was frustrated. The fight for our positions continues.

### MARSHAL FOCH'S STRATEGY.

### THE IMMEDIATE OBJECT OF THE NEW ATTACK.

London, Sept. 27. The new offensive on the Western Front is regarded as a fresh demonstration of Marshal Foch's brilliant strategy of varying attacks with bewildering rapidity, thus giving the Germans no opportunity of reforming their shaken forces and simultaneously preventing the despatch of reinforcements to aid the Bulgarians and the Turks. It is now apparent that the American success at St. Mihiel was not an isolated operation, as described at the time, but was the preparation for yesterday's greater attack. It is believed that Marshal Foch's immediate object is to pinch out the German position in the Argonne with the ulterior objects of an advance towards the German railway communication, impeding the enemy's main salient in France.

### A FEAT RARELY EQUALLED IN THE WAR.

The Allied blows in the Near East further emphasises the superiority of the Allies, not merely in material but in brain power. The drive of the French and Serbians through mountainous country with a hundred chances of surprise and ambush, without a single check, until they cut the communications with the Bulgarian left, is described as a stirring feat rarely equaled in the present war. How disheartened and demoralised the Bulgarians are is evident from the fact that they failed to profit by the advance of the French and Serbians through a narrow and deep salient, only 25 miles broad, which almost invited reaction.

### A THRILLING RACE FOR USKUB.

The position now is a thrilling race for Uskub, between the Bulgarian Centre hurrying back in disorder and the enthusiastic Serbians rushing forward far from the rail ways flushed with victory. The only chance of the Bulgarians' wing reuniting with the centre is that the latter reach Uskub before their pursuers. The British had a hard and thankless task, with the Greeks on their right, for they confronted the strongest part of the Bulgarian line with ties of positions in formidable mountains dominating the Anglo-Hellenic advance. Yet they not merely held up the Bulgarian left, but reaped the reward of overcoming stupendous obstacles and invading Bulgaria.

### DRIVING THE GERMANS TO THE RHINE.

### AN INTERVIEW WITH MARSHAL FOCH.

Paris, Sept. 27. Marshal Foch, talking to the War Correspondents, said: "We are driving the Germans to the Rhine." The Generalissimo expressed high hopes regarding the future. —Havas.

### AVIATION REPORT.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, reporting on aviation, says:—  
We destroyed 11 enemy machines on Wednesday and drove down three out of control. Three of ours were missing. We dropped 25 tons of bombs on hostile aerodromes and rail connections.

## A HERO AT MOEUVRES.

London, Sept. 26.

The name of the hero at Moeuvers mentioned in Sir Douglas Haig's recent communiqué is Corporal David Hunter who lives at Kingsseat, a mining village near Dunfermline. He and his party were Territorials.

### THE GERMAN CHANCELLOR'S SPEECH.

### CREATES A BAD IMPRESSION IN GERMANY.

Paris, Sept. 27. Count Hertling's speech in the Grand Committee of the Reichstag, calling for internal unity, has created a bad impression and a pessimistic tone. Count Hertling's retirement is expected. —Havas.

### AMERICAN LABOUR MISSION IN FRANCE.

Paris, Sept. 27.

Mr. Gompers and the members of the American Labour Mission, accompanied by Mr. Sharp, the U.S. Ambassador, have been cordially received by President Poincaré.

At a luncheon at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, M. Pichon said Mr. Gompers was the interpreter of the idea of overthrowing the Prussian military caste and of establishing an international system of justice. No negotiating with the enemy was possible until that was accomplished. Mr. Gompers confirmed that American workers were determined to carry on the war until victory is achieved. —Havas.

### EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

## THE BALKANS.

### DANGEROUS POSITION OF BULGARIAN ARMY.

London, Sept. 26.

Reuter learns that the latest reliable news from the Balkans is that the Bulgarian Army is in a most dangerous fix and probably will be decisively defeated if the Allies reach its vital centre of communications at Uskub. The strength of the Bulgarians is under 300 battalions. The occupation by the Allies of Gradiška and Pripel has already resulted in the separation of a large proportion of the Bulgarian army westward of Pripel from the remainder of the enemy's forces in the Vardar valley. The only line of retreat open to the former is the long round-about road from Pripel via Kirovo and Gostivar to Uskub. To extricate a large force by this one road would be a most difficult task, especially as they are closely pursued by the Allied cavalry. The remainder of the Bulgarians are also seriously endangered by the Allied advance towards Vele, Ishtip and Strumitza, the capture of which would sever all direct lateral lines of communication. The Allies have partially attained this objective by the capture of Ishtip.

### PARTICULARLY SUCCESSFUL OPERATIONS.

London, Sept. 26.

A French Eastern communiqué says: The operations on Sept. 24 and 25 were particularly successful. The formidable Belashitz mountains have been captured and the British army has crossed the Bulgarian frontier at Kostur, marching on Strumitza. The heights at Graditza and Prasnina have been reached by the French and Greeks. The Serbians having captured and advanced beyond Ishtip, are now approaching Vele. The enemy has been forced to evacuate his positions north-west of Monastir and the Allies are threatening him towards the north and throwing him back on Albania. Some of the prisoners taken by the enemy have been released and numerous more guns and prisoners captured, also considerable booty. Up to the present a total of over 10,000 prisoners and 200 guns have been counted.

### IMPORTANT SUCCESS BY SERBIANS.

London, Sept. 26.

Wednesday evening's Serbian communiqué says:—  
The Serbians, on Sept. 24, achieved a most important success on the left bank of the Vardar. We reached Krivolak and the outskirts of Ishtip in this region. We captured a Colonel commanding a Bulgarian regiment, a considerable number of prisoners, four howitzers, three mountain guns and 100 horse wagons with their teams. Gradiška station, which was defended by Germans, has fallen into our hands, with enormous supplies, including mountain guns, mostly heavy. Northwards of Pripel we are pursuing the enemy near Izor where he has been completely routed, and in his retreat we have captured a great number of wagons with material. An enemy battery which attempted to come into action was attacked by our machine-guns and the men were killed and the guns taken. A complete German machine-gun section which was also captured explained that they were abandoned intentionally by the Bulgarians.

any; the Germans continually compelling the Bulgarians to return to the fighting line.

At Troyan the enemy set on fire his depots and the flames spread to a hospital where over 100 Bulgarian wounded perished. It is confirmed that the Bulgarians continue to commit atrocities on our captured soldiers.

### ADVANCE INTO BULGARIA CONTINUED.

London, Sept. 26.

A British official message from Salonika says:—  
Our cavalry and infantry continue to advance into Bulgaria. The British and Greeks are advancing up the steep Belashitz range, and the Greeks are approaching the crest of the mountains northwards of Lake Doiran. Our troops in the centre have reached Dzharna Obasi.

### FRENCH COMMENT.

Paris, Sept. 25.

A Havas Agency message says:—  
There are great results from the breakthrough in the Balkans. The French have captured Pripel, the Bulgarian base in Macedonia, with immense booty. The First Bulgarian Army has been pressed towards Albania. The British on the right have advanced 10 miles on the road to Strumitza. The Serbians continue their marvellous progress, having crossed the Vardar, and taken 12,000 prisoners and 140 guns.

### PALESTINE OFFENSIVE.

#### NEW POINTS OCCUPIED.

London, Sept. 26.

A Palestine communiqué says:—  
Our cavalry have occupied Tibrias, Semakh and Essama, on the shores of Lake Tibrias, despite a determined resistance. Eastward of the Jordan our cavalry have occupied Amman and are pursuing the Turks along the Hedjaz Railway. Our casualties since the 18th inst. are below one-tenth of the number of prisoners taken.

#### AMMAN OCCUPIED.

London, Sept. 25.

Reuter learns that the south and western shores of Lake Tibrias are generally in our hands. The Turkish garrisons resisted stiffly, but were overcome. Our cavalry have occupied Amman and are now driving the enemy up the Hedjaz railway into the arms of the Arabs at Deraa. Some of the enemy may escape to Damascus and others are going southwards to the Dead Sea with the object of extricating the garrison which the Arabs are pressing hard. On the Salonika front, the Serbians have captured Vele; the British and Greeks have reached the western slope of the Belashitz mountains, which constitute the main defence of Bulgaria from the South. The main lateral lines, Monastir, Pripel, Vele, are now entirely in the hands of the Allies and the Bulgarian Army is completely broken in twain. These forces will doubtless endeavour to reunite at Uskub, but the Allied Cavalry is only fifteen miles from Uskub, and it is very doubtful if any will slip through.

### FRENCH OPINION.

Paris, Sept. 25.

A Havas Agency message says:—  
French military and political authorities anticipate that the Palestine victory will have far-reaching influence on the course of the war. Among the heroes mentioned by General Allenby are the French Colonel Piepape and Colonel Lawrence, who formed cavalry of Bedouins and Druses and cut the railway at Deraa. British cavalry seized the famous crossing of the Jordan and the excellent port of Haifa. The number of prisoners exceeds 35,000 picked troops. The German General Liman von Sanders has been completely defeated and a blow given to the reputation of the German Staff.

### GERMAN PRESS COMMENT.

London, Sept. 26.

The German Censorship is permitting the Press freely to discuss the gravity of the situation in Palestine and Macedonia. The newspapers express great alarm at the sensational turn of events. The *Norddeutsche* points out that the seriousness of the position in Palestine is enhanced by the Arabs in the Turkish rear who are making common cause with the British. It pays a tribute to General Allenby's "admirable strategy." The *Frankfurter* consoles its readers with the assurance that the Siegfried line ought to prevent any such breakthrough on the West Front, but adds the somewhat significant qualification "if the trenches are occupied and the batteries manned by men who are convinced of the necessity of holding out."

### SUBMARINE PIRACY.

#### KAISER WANTS MORE.

Amsterdam, Sept. 26.

The Kaiser in the *Reichstag* has expressed his dissatisfaction with the results of the submarine campaign and has ordered the most energetic measures to be taken to increase its effectiveness.

## THE WESTERN FRONT.

### NEW OFFENSIVE BEGUN IN CHAMPAGNE.

London, Sept. 26.

A French communiqué says:—  
Between the Ailette and the Aisne the enemy renewed his attacks yesterday evening in the regions of Allemant and Moulin-de-Laffaux. He succeeded in penetrating our lines at the latter point, but our energetic counter-attack re-established the situation. Further south we attacked our gains east of Sancy and took prisoners. At five o'clock this morning we attacked in Champagne in co-operation with the American Army, which is operating further east.

#### LATER.

A French communiqué says:—  
A Franco-American offensive in Champagne has begun.

### ATTACKING FORCES PROGRESS.

London, Sept. 26.

Reuter learns that the Franco-American offensive was on a 40-mile front between the rivers Sappe and Maube. The attacking forces have progressed for a depth of some miles and the enemy voluntarily abandoned his forward positions, so consequently, there was little artillery or infantry resistance.

A Havas Agency message states:—  
British and French troops have made an important advance drawing their lines nearer to St. Quentin and overcoming the stubborn resistance of the Germans, who have been preparing for a short time to desert St. Quentin. New attacks are being made on the Siegfried Line, south of Cambrai.

### GERMAN PEACE PROPAGANDA.

### ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO SPLIT ALLIES.

Paris, Sept. 25.

A Havas Agency message says:—  
The Germans are making an attempt to split the Allies and a great effort to arouse jealousy between the United States and Great Britain. German airmen are dropping leaflets containing reference to the complete triumph of the United States over British overseas shipping. They appeal to the British to make peace because only the Americans have an interest in continuing the war. Elaborate propaganda for influencing Entente public opinion is being carried out.

### AERIAL ACTIVITIES.

London, Sept. 26.

The Air Ministry reports:—  
Our squadrons on Sept. 25 attacked the aerodrome at Buhl, securing good results. Bombs were observed on or near the hangars. All our machines returned. A squadron attacked Kaiserslautern and bombs were observed near the station and munition factories. Large numbers of enemy aircraft attacked our machines on the homeward journey. In protracted fighting two enemy machines were destroyed. Three of ours are missing. Aeroplanes on Wednesday attacked factories at Frankfurt, securing good results. Large numbers of enemy aircraft were encountered and very heavy fighting ensued. We shot down five hostile machines out of control. Four of ours have not returned.

### THE SIBERIAN CAMPAIGN.

#### CONSIDERABLE PROGRESS BY ALLIES.

London, Sept. 26.

Reuter learns that General Poole, commanding the Allies, has made considerable progress up the Dvina river on both sides of which he has cleared a distance of 50 miles as far south as Berenskaia.

The position of the Czechs on the Volga front remains serious. Considerable Bolshevik forces, trained and mostly led by Germans, are operating northward of Ufa in the direction of Krasnaya which is held by Czechs. The Bolsheviks in this region are constantly being reinforced by Germans. The new Bolshevik army is eventually to number 31 Divisions totalling 500,000 men the majority of whom, however, are worthless.

### RUSSIAN AFFAIRS.

### MASS TERROR DECREE RESCINDED.

Amsterdam, Sept. 26.

A telegram from Moscow says that the decree with reference to "mass terror" has been rescinded and M. Lenin and the majority of the Central Committee have decided to return to the "good methods" of the Revolution.

### CENSORSHIP IN GERMANY.

#### PROMISES OF REMOVAL.

Amsterdam, Sept. 26.

In the Main Committee of the *Reichstag*, Count Hertling admitted the validity of the complaints as regards unlawful restrictions against the right of association and meetings and also the abuse of the censorship, and promised their removal before the meeting of the *Reichstag* in November.

## DEMAND FOR POPULAR REFORM.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 26.

Speaking in the Main Committee of the *Riksdag*, Herr Scheidemann, while declaring that the German people will defend themselves to the last in the war theatre, voiced the demand for popular reforms and denounced the Brechtloff treaty as an obstacle to peace.

### THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

#### DENOUNCED BY GERMAN ADMIRAL.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 26.

Admiral von Koester, at a meeting of the German Navy League, denounced the idea of a League of Nations and declared that Germany, after the war, must have colonies with strong points of support and also free trade on the seas under the protection of the German Fleet.

### MR. GOMPERS IN PARIS.

PARIS, Sept. 25.

A Havas Agency message says:—  
M. Samuel Gompers has arrived in Paris. The event is hailed with satisfaction. Mr. Gompers, who is President of the American Federation of Labour, the most powerful organisation in the world, is uncompromisingly on the side of the Allies.

### ENEMY LOSES FIVE SUBMARINES MONTHLY.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 26.

The *Rheinische Westfälische* says that in a speech by Captain von Manthey at the Navy League he admitted the loss of five submarines monthly.

### SPANISH SHIPPING.

#### GERMANY'S COMPENSATION.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 26.

A fuller report of von Hatzfeldt's speech shows that compensation to Spain is only for ships sunk outside the barred zone.

### FRENCH TO BOYCOTT GERMAN SEAMEN.

HAVRE, Sept. 30.

The French Seamen's Union has unanimously decided to boycott Germany after the war in accord with the resolve of the British seamen.

### AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.

The Shipping Board announces that 30 new ships, aggregating 128,500 dead-weight tons, were completed and delivered or launched during the week ending 20th September.

### A GREAT COMEDY ACTOR.

### DEATH OF THE FOUNDER OF THE COMPTON COMPANY.

After a long illness the death took place recently of Mr. Edward Compton, the head and founder of the famous Compton Comedy Company. The company played classical comedy, especially English comedy of the 18th and 19th centuries, throughout the United Kingdom for some 30 years, and as a school of acting and an artistic enterprise it held a high position both in theatrical and in public esteem. Mr. Compton's stage life was long, and included many interesting features besides his achievements with his company. Born in 1854, he was one of the five actor-children of actor Henry Compton (Mackenzie), whose daughter, Miss (Kate) Compton, is well-known on the London stage. He went early into his father's profession and quickly won favour, acting mainly in the provinces, with Miss Wallis Adelaide, and all the other great players of the time. London realised his quality during his season at the Strand Theatre in the eighties, when he proved, in *Malvolio*, *Tommy*, *Laurelin*, and other parts, how fine a comedian he was. Among his other good services to the drama was his production in London in 1891 of "The America," a play which, Henry James founded on his novel of the same title; and during numerous seasons of London management he produced other new plays of good quality. But the acting and production of classical English comedy remained his strong point, and his expert in this field has not yet appeared. Mr. Compton married Miss Virginia Bateman, one of the three actress-daughters of Colonel Bateman, who was lessee of the Lyceum Theatre when Henry Irving joined the company there. Among their children are Miss Fay Compton, who acted, and Mr. Compton Mackenzie, the novelist.

### TWO-THIRDS OF U-BOATS SUNK.

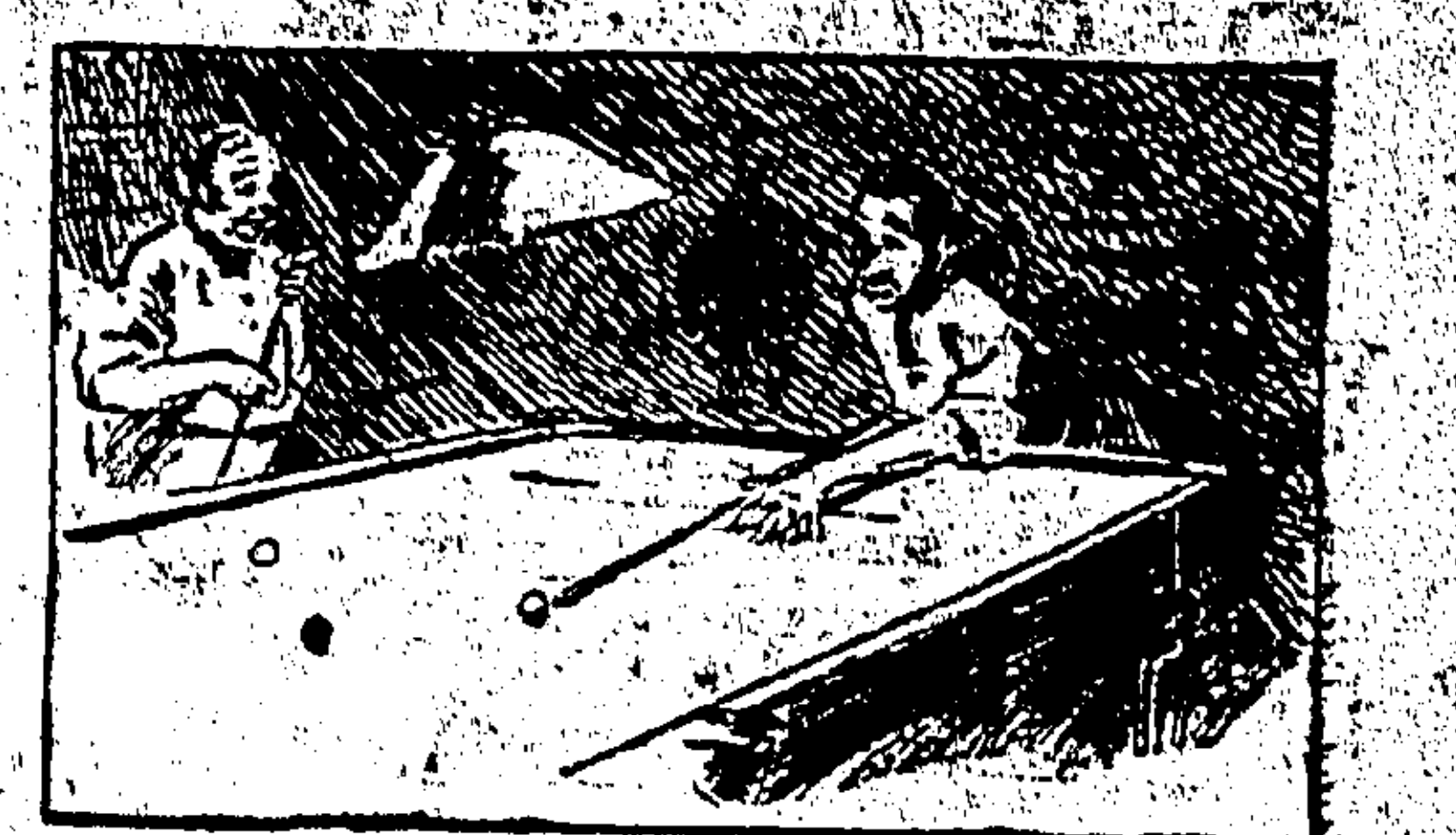
Nearly two-thirds of the submarines built by the Germans in four years have been destroyed by the Allies, declared M. André Tardieu, Consul-General for Franco-American affairs, speaking at a Paris banquet. Every month, he said, we sank more U-boats than the Germans built.

Thirteen months ago, the Americans had a high sea fleet of 2,000,000 tons; to-day they had one of 5,000,000 tons; and next year the figure would be more than that doubled.

### TREATMENT FOR DYSENTERY.

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## THE BILLIARD MATCH.



McWhirter.—Ye'll never screw that man.  
McPherson.—Maybe no, but I'll screw that five dollar War Bond ticket out o' ye by the time the game's finished.  
McWhirter.—Of course; but I'd remind ye that if the looser pays the ticket, he has a half-share if it wins a prize.  
McPherson (after missing badly).—Oh, s'ye, of course, of course, of course. Man, it would be great if we won the twenty-five thousand.  
McWhirter (with feeling).—Aye, man.

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## MR. ASQUITH ON THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

A STRIKING TRIBUTE TO PRESIDENT WILSON.

THE MOST URGENT PROBLEM.

In a notable speech at the National Liberal Club Mr. Asquith paid an eloquent tribute to President Wilson, making special reference to his efforts in the interest of a League of Nations. The occasion was a dinner at which Mr. Asquith entertained Admiral Sims, of the United States Navy, and the Marquis of Eglintown, who presided, entertained General Hiddle, of the United States Army.

In proposing the League of Nations, Mr. Asquith referred to the War of Independence, the quarrel which had long since been made up by the two countries and to the work accomplished by Washington, Lincoln, and Wilson in moulding the Great Republic.

Washington had Lincoln were illustrious names, but of President Wilson, who had been at the head of the American Government in times of peace, if at all, less testing than any in its annals, he would say two things—

First, he has taken and carried with him his people in the greatest decision of our age. Next, he has laid before the world the grounds for that decision—the reasons which not only justified but compelled it; the spirit in which it was adopted; the aims, not narrow or local, but world-wide in their scope, at which it is directed; the State Papers, which are worthy to live side by side with the most sagacious and inspiring utterances of his most famous predecessors.

Speaking of the part which the President has played in bringing into prominence the idea of a League of Nations, Mr. Asquith said:

There can be no question that President Wilson has done more than any statesman of the future to concentrate the minds, not only of his own people and of the Allies, but of neutral nations, and I will add, for as they are allowed to hear and know the truth of the enemy peoples themselves, upon this as our dominating and world-wide aim.

Talk of a "clean peace." There can be no clean peace which does not clear away the causes of war. This is the true essence to which we ought to consecrate our devotion and our energies.

Lord Grey has pointed out in his recent pamphlet some of the practical conditions, positive and negative, to which any such league or partnership must conform. Our enemies, both in Germany and Austria, are apparently for the moment too much preoccupied with intestine difficulties to look ahead or abroad. If we could penetrate beneath the surface, we should probably find that the minds of the great mass of the population in both Empires are poisoned with false legends, which grossly distort our purposes and aims.

NOT AN EMPTY FORMULA.

We cannot help that, though we should do our best with all the means at our disposal to dissipate it. But what seems to me all important is that both here and in America, we should realize, and act as though we realized, that the League of Nations is neither a vague political abstraction, nor an empty rhetorical formula, that it is a concrete and definite ideal; and that its embodiment, in practicable shape, is by far the most urgent constructive problem of international statesmanship. I trust that the best and most instructed minds among us, on both sides of the Atlantic will, without any prejudice to the supreme necessity of winning the war, contribute all that they have of expert knowledge and practical suggestion to the common stock.

Let no one suppose that it is an easy task which will yield to the simple and.

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Examples of Investment in War Savings Certificates

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400	420	440	460	480	500
500	525	550	575	600	625

N.B.—The investment may be any multiple of 15s. 6d. up to £2500.

BANK

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED

Authorized Capital ... £1,500,000  
Subscribed ... 1,125,000  
Paid-up ... 625,000  
Reserve Fund ... 650,000

BRANCHES:

BANK OF ENGLAND  
LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK LIMITED

Every description of Exchange business transacted.

INTEREST allowed on Current Accounts at 5 per cent per annum.

On Daily Balances and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

G. O. JAMESON

11, Queen's Road, Central

Hongkong, Oct. 4, 1917

## SHIPPING

### PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

U.S. Mail Line  
OPERATING THE NEW FIRST CLASS STEAMERS  
"ECUADOR," "VENEZUELA" and "COLOMBIA"  
14,000 Tons each.

HONGKONG TO SAN FRANCISCO,  
via SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.

The Sunshine Belt

The most comfortable route to America and Europe

Sailings from Hongkong at Noon.

S.S. "VENEZUELA"	WEDNESDAY, Oct. 2nd, 1918
S.S. "ECUADOR"	WEDNESDAY, Nov. 13th, 1918
S.S. "COLOMBIA"	WEDNESDAY, Dec. 4th, 1918

These Steamers have the most modern equipment including overhead electric fans and electric lighting ALL LOWER BERTHS and large comfortable Staterooms (All single and two berth only).

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers is our first consideration. Special care is given to the cuisine, and the attendance on passengers cannot be surpassed.

Tickets are interchangeable with the Tokyo Kisen Kaisha and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.  
For further information, rates, literature, schedules etc., apply to—  
COMPANY'S OFFICE is Alexandra Buildings, Charter Road.

TELEPHONE 141.

BANKS

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... £15,000,000  
RESERVE FUNDS ... £15,000,000  
Sterling ... £15,000,000  
Silver ... £15,000,000

RESERVE LIABILITY ... £15,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

Hon. Mr. P. H. Pollock—Chairman,  
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.—Deputy  
S. H. Dodwell, Esq.—Chairman,  
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.—J. A. Plummer, Esq.,  
Hon. Mr. D. Landale, Hon. Mr. K. Shilling,  
W. L. Patterson, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:  
Hongkong—N. J. STABE, Esq.

MANAGER:  
Shanghai—A. G. STEPHEN, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON COUNTY & WESTMINSTER & PARK'S BANK, LTD.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Accounts at the rate of Two per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

On Fixed Deposits—

For 3 months 2 1/2 per cent. per annum.

" 6 " 3 " " "

" 12 " 4 " " "

N. J. STABE,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, March 12, 1918.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the minimum monthly balances at 4 PER CENT per annum. Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 PER CENT per annum.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation,  
N. J. STABE,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong May 14, 1916.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... £4,000,000.00  
RESERVE FUND ... £2,300,000.00

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA

BRANCHES AND AGENTS AT:

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, CHANGHAI, HANKOW, HONGKONG, KATYU, KOREA, LONDON, MANILA, NAGASAKI, NEW YORK, Peking, SHANGHAI, SHENYANG, SINGAPORE, SOERABAYA, TIENTSIN, YOKOHAMA.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts. Deposits received for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application.

EIHEI ONO,  
Manager.

Hongkong, 12th Sept. 1918.

THE CHINESE MERCHANTS BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:

13, Queen's Road, Central.

General Banking Business transacted. Current Deposit and Savings Bank Accounts opened.

Fixed Deposits received and interest allowed at rates which may be ascertained on application.

KWOK MAT, PAT,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 28th August, 1917.

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... FRANCES 45,000,000  
PAID UP CAPITAL ... 25,500,000  
(1/3 of the Capital, i.e. FRANCES 15,000,000 subscribed by the Government of the Chinese Republic)

Chairman of the Board of Directors: LUPTON BERTHOUD  
General Manager: A. J. F. BERTHOUD

HEAD OFFICE:

74, Rue Saint-Lazare, PARIS.

BRANCHES:

SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HONGKONG, YUNNANFOU.

BANKERS:

In FRANCE: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

In LONDON: London County Westminster & Parr's Bank, Ltd. London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd.

In NEW YORK: Redmond & Co. Correspondents in the chief commercial centres of the world.

Telegraphic Address: CHINESEBANK.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Local Currency and in Gold. Terms on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Special facilities for French Exchange.

M. ROUET DE JOURNELL,  
Manager.

HONGKONG BRANCH:

Queen's Buildings, 13, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, 28th August, 1917.

## "For the Blood is the Life."

### YOUR BLOOD WANTS PURIFYING.

IF YOU are troubled with Eczema, Boils, Spots, Pimples, Boils, Sores or Eruptions of any kind continually bursting through the skin.

IF YOU have that constant itching and inflammation of the skin.

All these are sure signs of clogging blood impurity, calling for immediate treatment through the blood, so don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and ointments, which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want and what you must have is a medicine that will get right to the root of your trouble, a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poison-mixture which is the true cause of all your suffering. Clarke's Blood Mixture is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities (from whatever cause arising), and by rendering it clean and pure, can be relied on to effect a lasting cure.

The True Value of CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE is certified by a most remarkable collection of uncollected testimonies from grateful patients of all classes—patients who have been cured after doctors and hospitals have given them up as incurable—patients who have been cured after trying many other treatments without success—patients who not only have been cured of the particular skin or blood complaint from which they were suffering, but also have found great improvement in their general health. (See pamphlet round bottle.)

Over 50 years' experience has shown that no other medicine is so effective in attacking and expelling the impurities of the blood. Of all Chemical and Surgical Remedies, REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES.



The World's Best Blood Purifier.

CURE ALL

SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES



